

Safety Data Sheet

Conforms to – Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 31, Annex II,
as amended by UK SI 2021/904

FUGALITE COLOR UK PART B

Date of first edition: 5/14/2025

Safety Data Sheet dated 14/05/2025 version 1

kerakoll

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: FUGALITE COLOR UK PART B

Trade code: FO000705

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: N.A.

Uses advised against: N.A.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Kerakoll UK Ltd

Tomlinson Road, Leyland, Lancashire, PR25 2DY,

United Kingdom

Tel. 01772 456831

safety@kerakoll.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

UK National Poisons Information Service.

E-mail: npis.birmingham@nhs.net; Tel: +44 (0)344 892 0111

SECTION 2: Hazards identification



2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GB CLP regulation:

Skin Corr. 1B Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Dam. 1 Causes serious eye damage.

Skin Sens. 1A May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Aquatic Acute 1 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Aquatic Chronic 2 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

2.2. Label elements

GB CLP regulation:

Hazard pictograms and Signal Word



Danger

Hazard statements

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P305+P351+P333 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

Contains

3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine

Fatty acids, C18 unsat., reaction products with tetraethylenepentamine

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of UK REACH:

None.

2.3. Other hazards

When mixtures containing cement react with water, for instance when making concrete or mortar, or when the cement becomes wet, a strong alkaline solution is produced (high pH caused by the formation of calcium, sodium and potassium hydroxides).

Cement and mixtures containing cement may irritate the eyes, the mucous system, the throat and the respiratory system and cause coughing. Frequent inhalation of cement dust or mixtures containing cement over a long period of time increases the risk of developing lung diseases.

In case of prolonged contact with the skin, both cement and mixtures containing cement, including pastes, may cause skin sensitisation due to the presence of trace amounts of chromium VI salts. Where necessary, such an effect can be minimized by incorporating a special reducing agent to maintain the water-soluble chromium VI content to concentration rates below 0.0002% (2 ppm) on the total dry weight of cement.

No PBT or vPvB substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

Other Hazards: No other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

N.A.

3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: FUGALITE COLOR UK PART B

Hazardous components within the meaning of GB CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
≥5-<10 %	Fatty acids, C18 unsat., reaction products with tetraethylenepentamine	CAS:1226892-45-0 EC:629-725-6	Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410; Skin Sens. 1, H317; Skin Corr. 1C, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318	
≥5-<10 %	3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	CAS:2855-13-2 EC:220-666-8 Index:612-067-00-9	Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Sens. 1A, H317; Eye Dam. 1, H318	

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

- Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.
- OBTAIN IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.
- Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose off safely.
- After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eyes contact:

- After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an ophthalmologist immediately.
- Protect uninjured eye.

In case of Ingestion:

- Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and label hazardous.

In case of Inhalation:

- Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Eye irritation
- Eye damages
- Skin Irritation
- Erythema

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus .

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non emergency personnel:

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove persons to safety.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

For emergency responders:

Wear personal protection equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Wash with plenty of water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

The product must be stored in waterproof, dry, clean conditions and protected from contamination. Do not use aluminium containers due to incompatibility of the materials.

The product contains cement with an addition of a Chromium reducing agent (VI) and its effectiveness decreases with time. Consequently, packaging's of the material indicate information about the production date, storing conditions and the appropriate storage period for the maintaining of the activity of the reducing agent and for maintaining the soluble Chromium (VI) amount under 2ppm over the total dry weight referred to cement (BS EN 196-10).

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Recommendation(s)

None in particular

Industrial sector specific solutions:

None in particular

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Community Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

	OEL Type	Occupational Exposure Limit
2,2',2''-nitrilotriethanol CAS: 102-71-6	ACGIH	Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ (8h) Eye and skin irr
2,2'-iminodiethanol; diethanolamine CAS: 111-42-2	ACGIH	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ (8h) IFV, Skin, A3 - Liver and kidney dam

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine
CAS: 2855-13-2 Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 60 µg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 6 µg/l

Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 5.784 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 578 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Soil (agricultural); PNEC Limit: 1.121 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 0.23 mg/l

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 3.18 mg/l

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) values

3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine
CAS: 2855-13-2 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects
Worker Professional: 20.1 mg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects
Worker Professional: 20.1 mg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Consumer: 526 µg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection:

Use close fitting safety goggles, don't use contact lenses.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton.

Protection for hands:

Use protective gloves that provides comprehensive protection, e.g. P.V.C., neoprene or rubber.

Respiratory protection:

N.A.

Thermal Hazards:

N.A.

Environmental exposure controls:

N.A.

Hygienic and Technical measures

N.A.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State: N.A.

Appearance and colour: N.A.

Odour: N.A.

Odour threshold: N.A.

pH: N.A.

Melting point / freezing point: N.A.

Initial boiling point and boiling range: N.A.

Flash point: > 93°C

Evaporation rate: N.A.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: N.A.

Vapour density: N.A.

Vapour pressure: N.A.

Relative density: N.A.
Solubility in water: N.A.
Solubility in oil: N.A.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A.
Auto-ignition temperature: N.A.
Decomposition temperature: N.A.
Viscosity: N.A.
Explosive properties: N.A.
Oxidizing properties: N.A.
Solid/gas flammability: N.A.
Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = N.A.

9.2. Other information

Substance Groups relevant properties N.A.
Miscibility: N.A.
Conductivity: N.A.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

10.2. Chemical stability

Data not available.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None in particular.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological Information of the Preparation

a) acute toxicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
b) skin corrosion/irritation	The product is classified: Skin Corr. 1B(H314)
c) serious eye damage/irritation	The product is classified: Eye Dam. 1(H318)
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	The product is classified: Skin Sens. 1A(H317)
e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
f) carcinogenicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
h) STOT-single exposure	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
i) STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
j) aspiration hazard	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:

Fatty acids, C18 unsat.,
reaction products with
tetraethylenepentamine

a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 2000 mg/kg bw
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3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-
trimethylcyclohexylamine

a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 1030 mg/kg
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LC50 Inhalation of aerosol Rat > 5.01 mg/l 4h

	LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg	
b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Corrosive Rabbit Positive	
c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit Yes	
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guinea pig Positive	
f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Negative Carcinogenicity Negative	Mouse, oral route

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

The product is classified: Aquatic Acute 1(H400), Aquatic Chronic 2(H411)

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Data
3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	CAS: 2855-13-2 - EINECS: 220-666-8 - INDEX: 612-067-00-9	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish <i>Leuciscus idus</i> = 110 mg/L 96h ,,according to 84/449/EEC, C.1, 1984 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 <i>Daphnia magna</i> = 23 mg/L 48h OECD 202 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae <i>Scenedesmus subspicatus</i> > 50 mg/L 72h b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC <i>Daphnia</i> = 3 mg/L 504h c) Bacteria toxicity : EC10 <i>Pseudomonas putida</i> = 1120 mg/L 18h

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Component	Persistence/Degradability:	Test	Value	Notes:
3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	Non-readily biodegradable	Dissolved organic carbon	8.000	%; EU-method C.4-A

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

N.A.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Component	Mobility in soil
3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	Not mobile

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT or vPvB substances present in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$

12.6. Other adverse effects

N.A.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover, if possible. Send to authorised disposal plants or for incineration under controlled conditions. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force. Disposal through discharge into wastewater is not permitted

SECTION 14: Transport information

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

14.1. UN number

N.A.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

N.A.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

N.A.

14.4. Packing group

N.A.

14.5. Environmental hazards

N.A.

14.6. Special precautions for user

N.A.

Road and Rail (ADR-RID):

N.A.

Air (IATA):

N.A.

Sea (IMDG):

N.A.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

N.A.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Workplace exposure limit within the meaning of the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (WEL-EH40)

REACH regulation as changed by the REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations (UK REACH)

CLP regulation as changed by the Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations (GB CLP)

GB PIC legislation - (Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 as changed by the Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc) (EU Exit) Regulations

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII of UK REACH:

Restrictions related to the product: 3

Restrictions related to the substances contained: None.

Additional Regulatory Information for Great Britain

No Additional Information

Provisions related to the Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations 2015 (GB implementation of Seveso III):

Seveso III category according to Schedule I, part 1	Lower-tier threshold (tonnes)	Upper-tier threshold (tonnes)
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Product belongs to category: E1	100	200
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Product belongs to category: E2	200	500
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GB PIC Legislation:

No substances listed

SVHC Substances:

No SVHC substances present in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

Substances for which a Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out:

3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine

SECTION 16: Other information

Code	Description
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Code	Hazard class and hazard category	Description
3.1/4/Oral	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
3.2/1B	Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion, Category 1B

3.2/1C	Skin Corr. 1C	Skin corrosion, Category 1C
3.3/1	Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, Category 1
3.4.2/1	Skin Sens. 1	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1
3.4.2/1A	Skin Sens. 1A	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1A
4.1/A1	Aquatic Acute 1	Acute aquatic hazard, category 1
4.1/C1	Aquatic Chronic 1	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 1
4.1/C2	Aquatic Chronic 2	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 2

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to GB CLP regulation:

Classification according to GB CLP	Classification procedure
Skin Corr. 1B, H314	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1A, H317	Calculation method
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CAV: Poison Center

CE: European Community

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

COV: Volatile Organic Compound

CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment

CSR: Chemical Safety Report

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive

DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive

EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration

ECHA: European Chemicals Agency

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

ES: Exposure Scenario

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).

IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.

IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care

KAFH: Keep Away From Heat

KSt: Explosion coefficient.
LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.
LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
LDLo: Leathal Dose Low
N.A.: Not Applicable
N/A: Not Applicable
N/D: Not defined/ Not available
NA: Not available
NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level
OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PGK: Packaging Instruction
PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.
PSG: Passengers
RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.
TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).
vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.

Exposure Scenario

3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine

Exposure Scenario, 01/06/2022

Substance identity	
	3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine
CAS No.	2855-13-2
INDEX No.	612-067-00-9
EINECS No.	220-666-8
Registration number	01-2119514687-32

Table of contents

1. **ES 1** Widespread use by professional workers; Various products (PC9b, PC9a, PC1, PC32)

1. ES 1		Widespread use by professional workers; Various products (PC9b, PC9a, PC1, PC32)	
1.1 TITLE SECTION			
Exposure Scenario name	Use in rigid foams, coatings, adhesives and sealants		
Date - Version	01/06/2022 - 1.0		
Life Cycle Stage	Widespread use by professional workers		
Main user group	Professional uses		
Sector(s) of use	Professional uses (SU22)		
Product Categories	Fillers, putties, plasters, modelling clay (PC9b) - Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a) - Adhesives, sealants (PC1) - Polymer preparations and compounds (PC32)		
Environment Contributing Scenario			
CS1	ERC8c		
CS2	ERC8f		
Worker Contributing Scenario			
CS3 Material transfers	PROC8a		
CS4 Rolling, Brushing	PROC10		
CS5 Material transfers	PROC8a		
CS6 Rolling, Brushing	PROC10		
1.2 Conditions of use affecting exposure			
1.2. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario (ERC8c)			
Environmental release categories	Widespread use leading to inclusion into/onto article (indoor) (ERC8c)		
<i>Product (article) characteristics</i>			
Physical form of product: Liquid			
Concentration of substance in product: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.			
<i>Technical and organisational conditions and measures</i>			
Control measures to prevent releases			
		Water - minimum efficiency of: 0.015 %	
1.2. CS2: Environment Contributing Scenario (ERC8f)			
Environmental release categories	Widespread use leading to inclusion into/onto article (outdoor) (ERC8f)		
<i>Product (article) characteristics</i>			
Physical form of product: Liquid			
Concentration of substance in product: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.			
<i>Technical and organisational conditions and measures</i>			
Control measures to prevent releases			

	Water - minimum efficiency of: 0.015 %
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1.2. CS3: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)

Process Categories	Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a)
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Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:
Liquid

Concentration of substance in product:
Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

Duration:
Covers use up to 4 h/day

Frequency:
Covers use up to <= 240 days per year

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Technical and organisational measures

Local exhaust ventilation	Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: 80 %
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Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection

Wear suitable respiratory protection.	Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: 95 %
Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.	Dermal - minimum efficiency of: 98 %
Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.	
Use suitable eye protection.	

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Indoor use
Professional use

Body parts exposed:
Assumes that potential dermal contact is limited to hands.

1.2. CS4: Worker Contributing Scenario: Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)

Process Categories	Roller application or brushing (PROC10)
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Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:
Liquid

Concentration of substance in product:
Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

Duration:
Covers use up to 4 h/day

Frequency:
Covers use up to <= 240 days per year

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Technical and organisational measures

Local exhaust ventilation	Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: 80 %
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Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection

Wear suitable respiratory protection.	Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: 95 %
Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.	Dermal - minimum efficiency of: 98 %
Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.	
Use suitable eye protection.	

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Indoor use

Professional use

Body parts exposed:

Assumes that potential dermal contact is limited to hands.

1.2. CS5: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)

Process Categories	Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a)
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Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:

Liquid

Concentration of substance in product:

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

Duration:

Covers use up to 1 h

Frequency:

Covers use up to <= 240 days per year

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection

Wear suitable respiratory protection.	Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: 98 %
Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.	Dermal - minimum efficiency of: 98 %
Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.	
Use suitable eye protection.	

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Outdoor use

Professional use

Body parts exposed:

Assumes that potential dermal contact is limited to hands.

1.2. CS6: Worker Contributing Scenario: Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)

Process Categories Roller application or brushing (PROC10)

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:

Liquid

Concentration of substance in product:

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

Duration:

Covers use up to 1 h

Frequency:

Covers use up to <= 240 days per year

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection

Wear suitable respiratory protection.	Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: 98 %
Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.	Dermal - minimum efficiency of: 98 %
Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.	
Use suitable eye protection.	

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Outdoor use

Professional use

Body parts exposed:

Assumes that potential dermal contact is limited to hands.

1.3 Exposure estimation and reference to its source

1.3. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario (ERC8c)

protection target	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
freshwater	0.0004855 mg/L	N/A	< 0.01
freshwater sediment	0.047 mg/kg dry weight	N/A	< 0.01
marine water	4.85E-05 mg/L	N/A	< 0.01
marine sediment	0.005 mg/kg dry weight	N/A	< 0.01
marine water	4.85E-05 mg/L	N/A	< 0.01
Sewage treatment plant	1.48E-05 mg/L	N/A	< 0.01
Agricultural soil	0.017 mg/kg dry weight	N/A	< 0.01
Man via environment - Oral	0.000188 mg/kg bw/day	N/A	< 0.01

1.3. CS2: Environment Contributing Scenario (ERC8f)

protection target	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
freshwater	0.000487 mg/L	N/A	< 0.01
freshwater sediment	0.047 mg/kg dry weight	N/A	< 0.01
marine water	4.815E-05 mg/L	N/A	< 0.01
marine sediment	0.005 mg/kg dry weight	N/A	< 0.01
Sewage treatment plant	2.96E-05 mg/L	N/A	< 0.01
Agricultural soil	0.017 mg/kg dry weight	N/A	= 0.015
Man via environment - Oral	0.0001193 mg/kg bw/day	N/A	< 0.01

1.3. CS3: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
dermal	13.714 mg/kg bw/day	N/A	0.274
inhalative	106.438 mg/m ³	N/A	N/A

1.3. CS4: Worker Contributing Scenario: Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
dermal	27.429 mg/kg bw/day	N/A	0.549
inhalative	106.438 mg/m ³	N/A	N/A

1.3. CS5: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
dermal	13.714 mg/kg bw/day	N/A	0.274
inhalative	24.835 mg/m ³	N/A	0.497

1.3. CS6: Worker Contributing Scenario: Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
dermal	27.429 mg/kg bw/day	N/A	0.549
inhalative	24.835 mg/m ³	N/A	0.497

1.4 Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario:

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.